

## Homework One

Due at the beginning of class, Friday, January 30.

- 1.1.16 Let  $x$  be an element of  $G$ . Prove that  $x^2 = 1$  if and only if  $|x|$  is either 1 or 2.
- 1.1.17 Let  $x$  be an element of  $G$ . Prove that if  $|x| = n$  for some positive integer  $n$  then  $x^{-1} = x^{n-1}$ .
- 1.1.31 Prove that any finite group  $G$  of even order contains an element of order 2. [Let  $t(G)$  be the set  $\{g \in G \mid g \neq g^{-1}\}$ . Show that  $t(G)$  has an even number of elements and every nonidentity element of  $G \setminus t(G)$  has order 2.]
- 1.1.32 If  $x$  is an element of finite order  $n$  in  $G$ , prove that the elements  $1, x, x^2, \dots, x^{n-1}$  are all distinct. Deduce that  $|x| \leq |G|$ .
- 1.2.2 Use the generators and relations above to show that if  $x$  is any element of  $D_{2n}$  which is not a power of  $r$ , then  $rx = xr^{-1}$ .
- 1.2.3 Use the generators and relations above to show that every element of  $D_{2n}$  which is not a power of  $r$  has order 2. Deduce that  $D_{2n}$  is generated by the two elements  $s$  and  $sr$ , both of which have order 2.
- 1.2.7 Show that  $\langle a, b \mid a^2 = b^2 = (ab)^n = 1 \rangle$  gives a presentation for  $D_{2n}$  in terms of the two generators  $a = s$  and  $b = sr$  of order 2 computed in exercise 3 above. [Show that the relations for  $r$  and  $s$  follow from the relations for  $a$  and  $b$  and, conversely, the relations for  $a$  and  $b$  follow from those for  $r$  and  $s$ .]